

Using high-res 3D:

Digital Restoration



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*DME WORKSHOP
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[digital] Anastylis / Restoration



When working on digital 3D models, there is often confusion between the two...

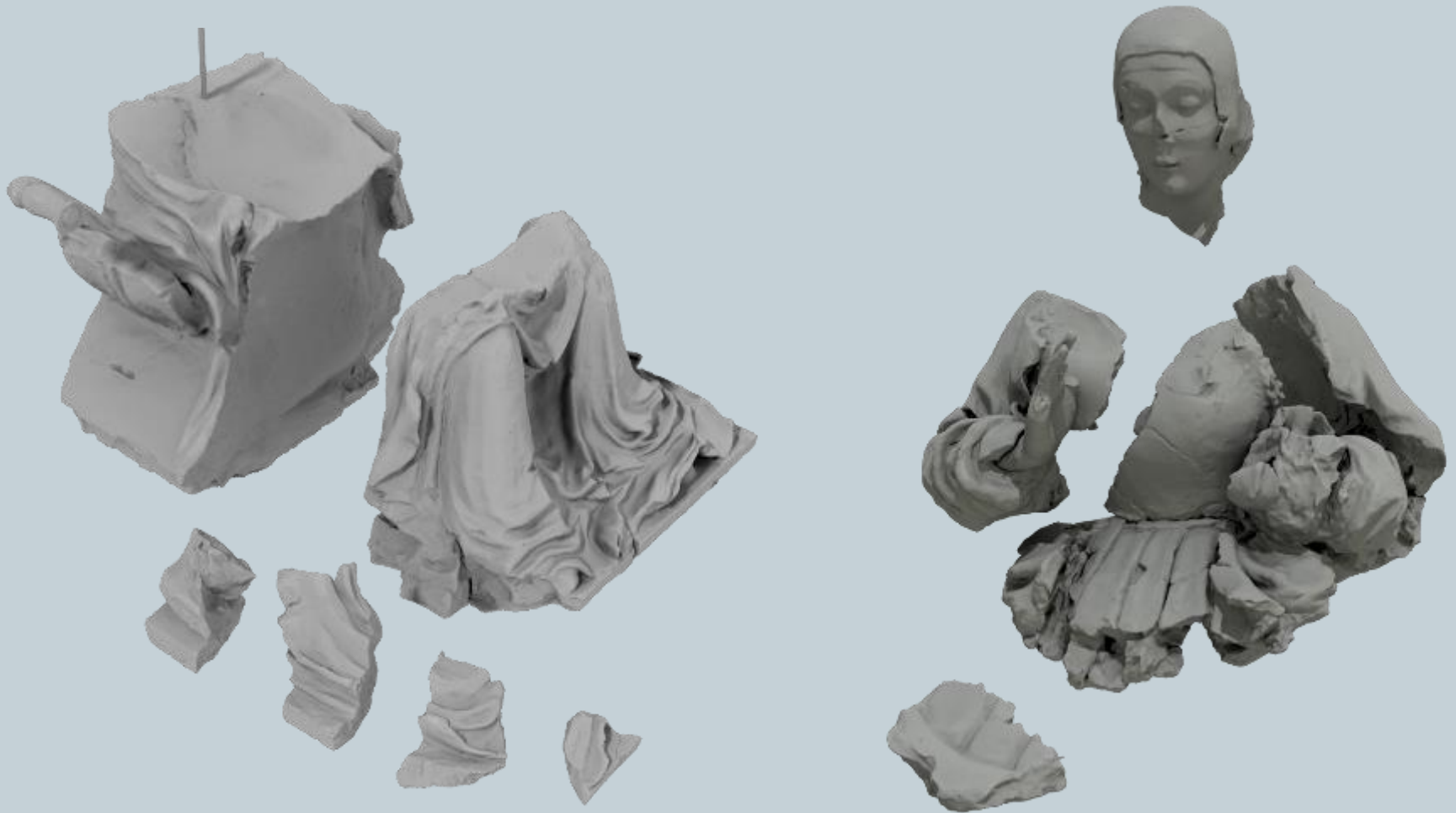
Digital anastylis:

- *Placement* of digital models of fragments in the correct position in space, to obtain the original shape of an artefact

Digital restoration:

- Actual *modification* of sampled 3D data to recreate the original appearance/structure/functionality of an artefact

Pietranico's Madonna



Pietranico's Madonna



Problems / drawbacks



3D measured data is a SCIENTIFIC data, modify it has to be done in a SCIENTIFIC, ARTISTIC and HISTORICAL correct way

- Keep close to original data
- Keep an expert at an arm's length

But, remember that what happens in the digital world, remains in the digital world...

An Helm in a Tomb



DIGITIZE
SCULPT
VISUALIZE

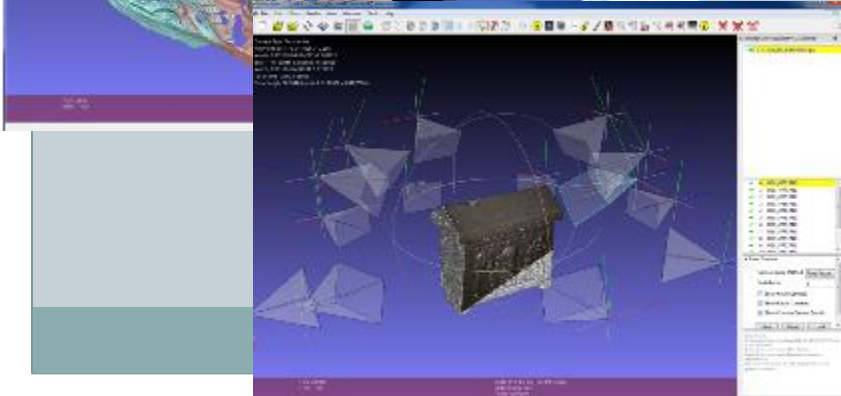
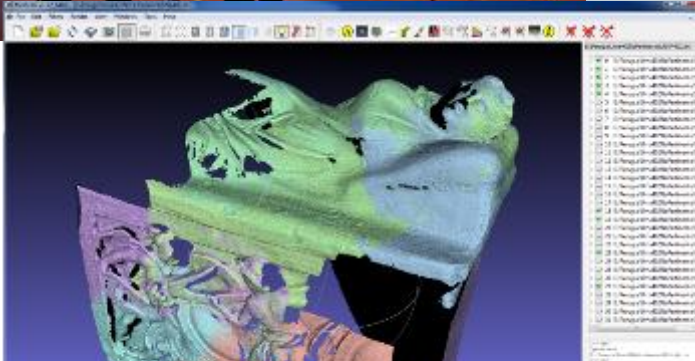
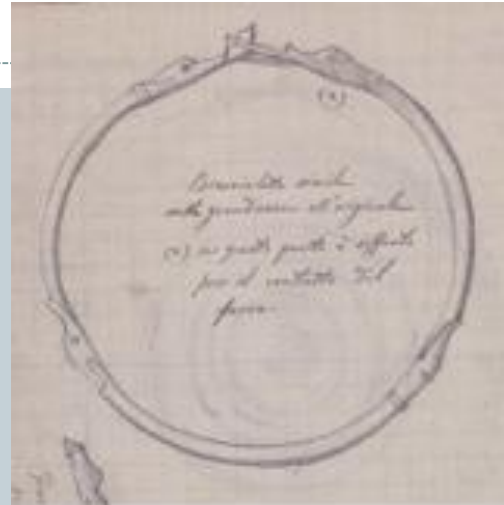
Background



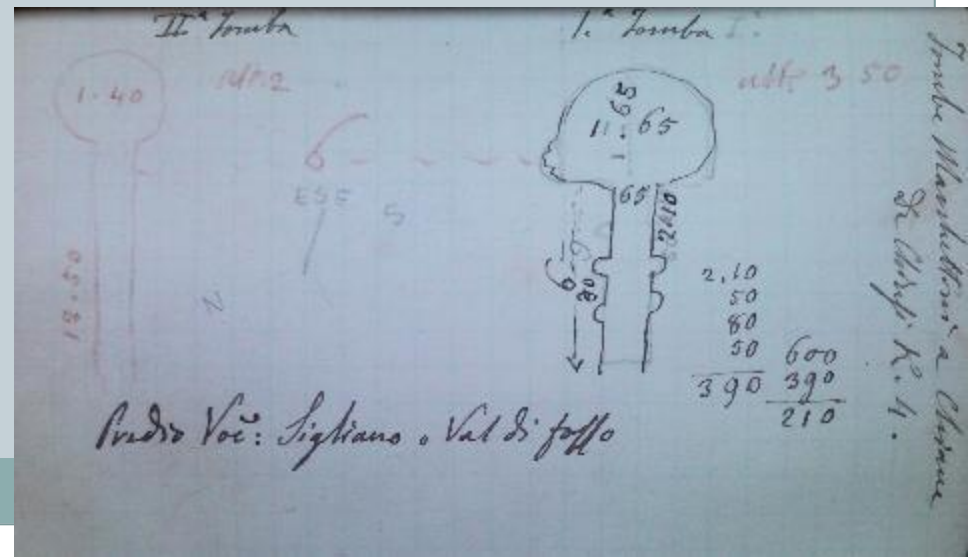
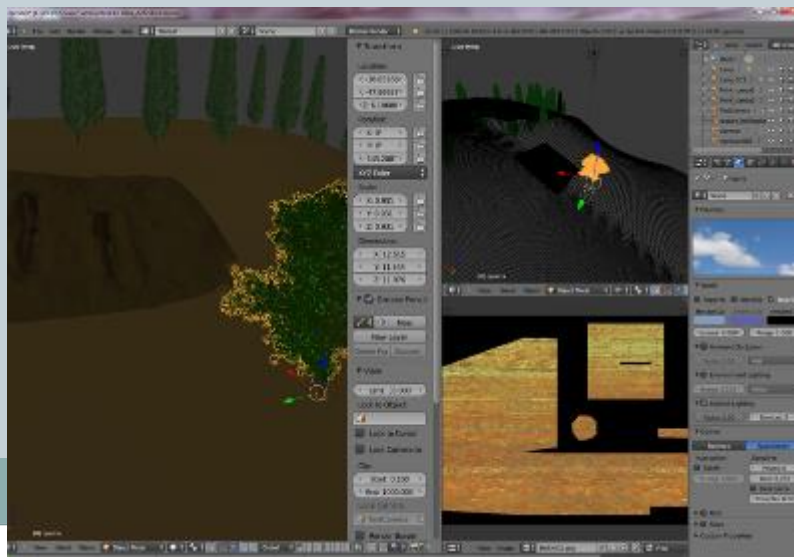
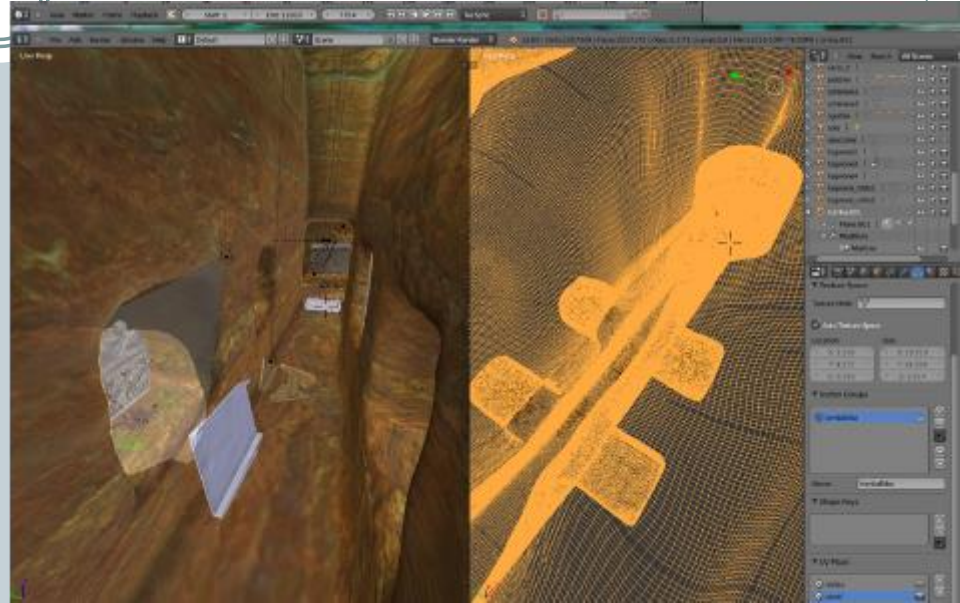
Didactic video describing a now-lost Etruscan tomb, to be used in museum

- 3D scanning of remaining artefacts
- 3D Modelling of missing objects and environment, based on archaeological data
- The helm...

3D assets



3D assets





3D model - Helm

3D scanned (0.5mm),
color mapped from
photos



Virtual Restoration



The Helm is the most iconic piece of the tomb, in order to appreciate its importance we wanted to show it as it WAS...

- Symmetry (global and local scale)
- Drawings/annotations of archeologists, work done under the supervision of an archeologist
- Analogies with similar
- Measured data



Straightening

Restore global symmetry,

Bridge the gap

Rough filling of the missing area for later sculpting





Sculpting

“digital sculpting” on the high-resolution model using a specific tool (Zbrush).

Smoothing of oxidized areas.

Bring out details of the decoration.

Completely missing areas filled by copy-past of simmetric parts.



Virtual restoration

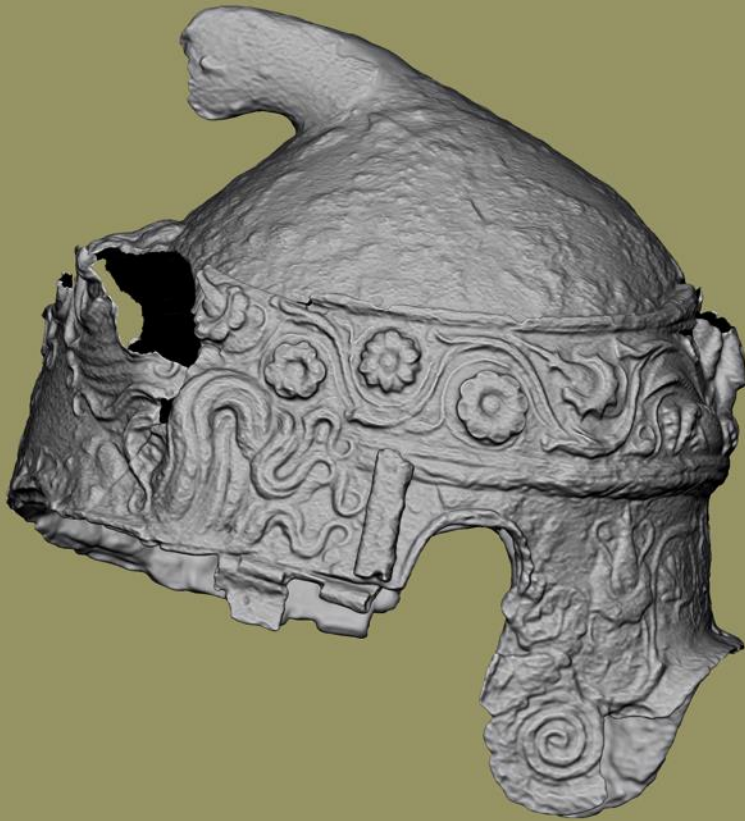


The change is indeed impressive, and may appear too extreme

BUT

It is still based on the principle of minimum intervention, rely on the direct use of the sampled data, is based on comparison with similar artefacts, follows the excavation and archival info/drawings of the helm, and has been guided by experts

Results



Rendering



For the video, we rendered the helm using a gold shader (the bronze was originally gilded), using placeholders for the totally missing elements (plume and cheekpieces)...

Rednering



Interactive 3D online



Before-after state, high-res geometry (5+5 millions of triangles), with bookmarks.



Bringing back the color



**DIGITIZE
RECONSTRUCT
PAINT**

The Luni statues



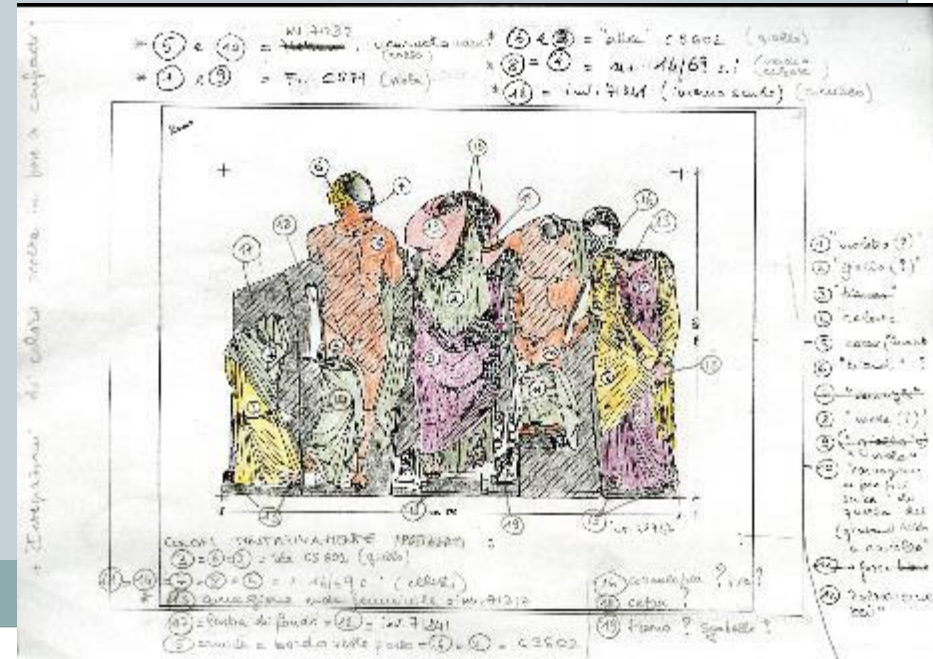
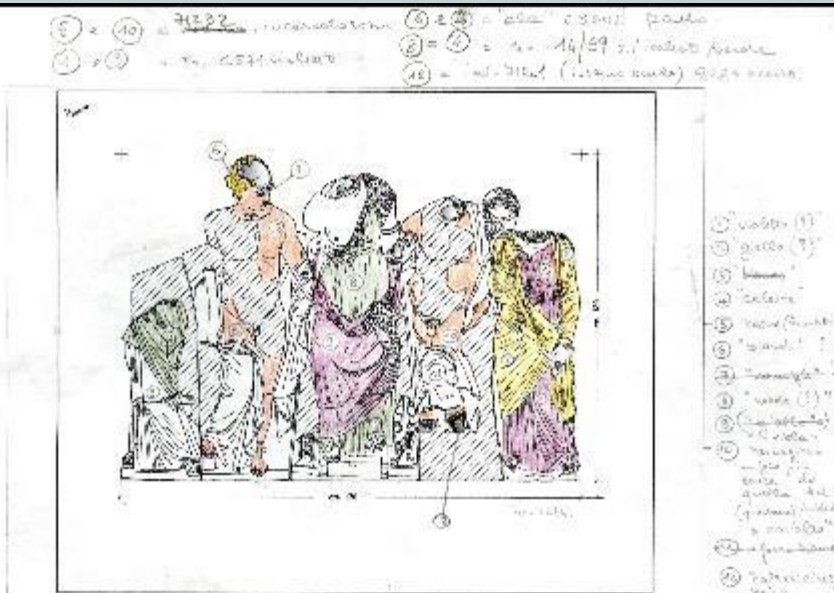
A series of terracotta statue from the pediment of the Great Temple of Luni. We have the 3D models for the full group, and one of the things we tried on it was to repaint them



Surface Painting



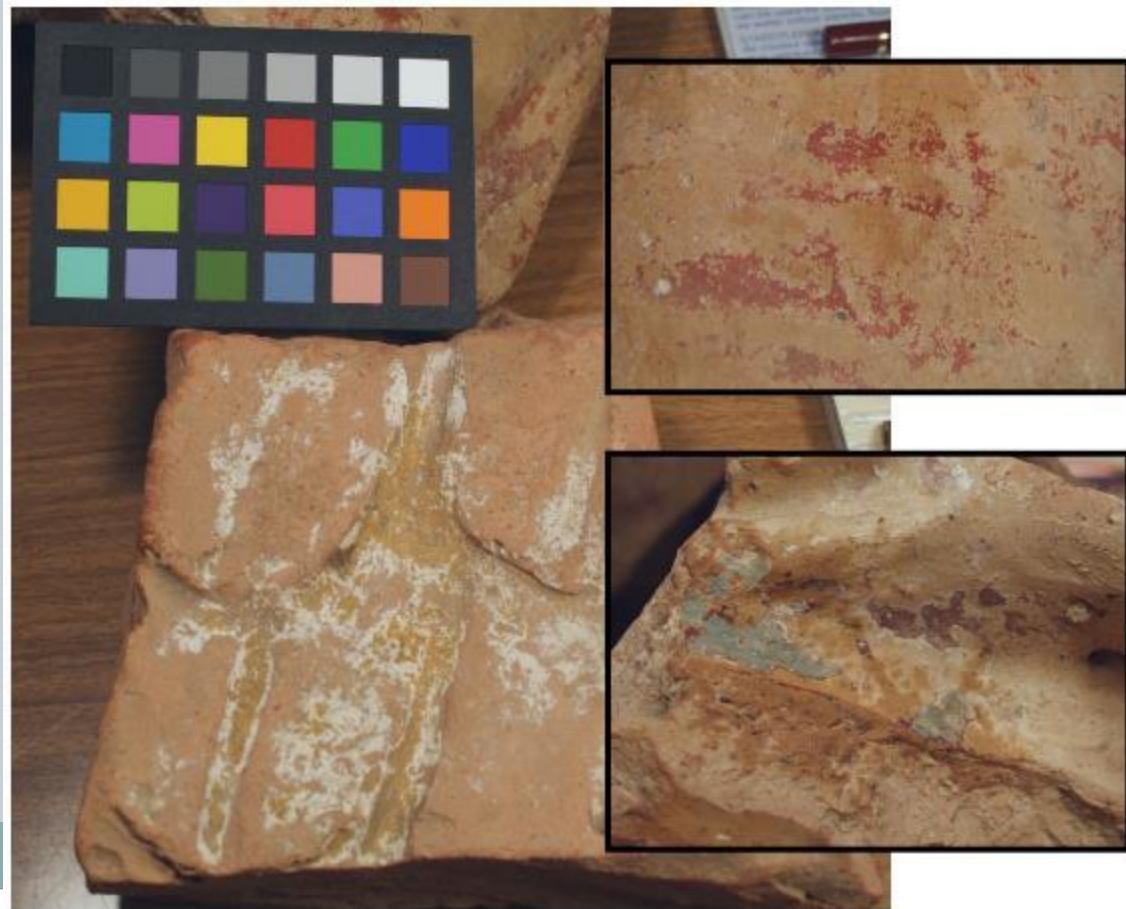
There is a description of the original color (at the time of the excavation), and a 3D model can be “painted”... but where to get the color information?



From example...



Extract color and its variations from calibrated photos.
Yes, it is not colorimetric, but it is almost impossible to get a clear measure out of these spots...



Surface Painting



Pietranico's Madonna



Years later, we did a similar test on a different object...
We had better 3D model, better painting tools, we tried perfecting the way we measured/painted color



Pietranico's Madonna



Texture synthesis based on cropped photos of the residual color areas



Pietranico's Madonna



Ulpia Domina Sarcophagus



Recently, we tried again (yes, we are stubborn), but with a more scientific orientation towards the identification of pigments and paints.



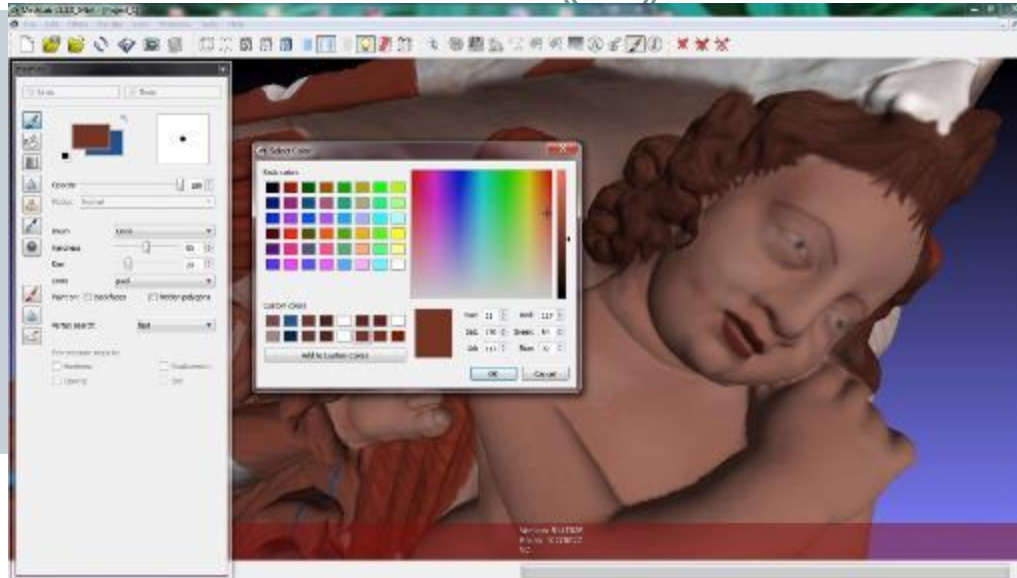
Ulpia Domina Sarcophagus



A series of studies carried out to determine layers of paint, pigments used, colors and patterns

- Calibrated photos
- Microphotography
- Micro-section stratigraphy
- Chemical analysis
- Near-visible lighting

Ulpia Domina Sarcophagus

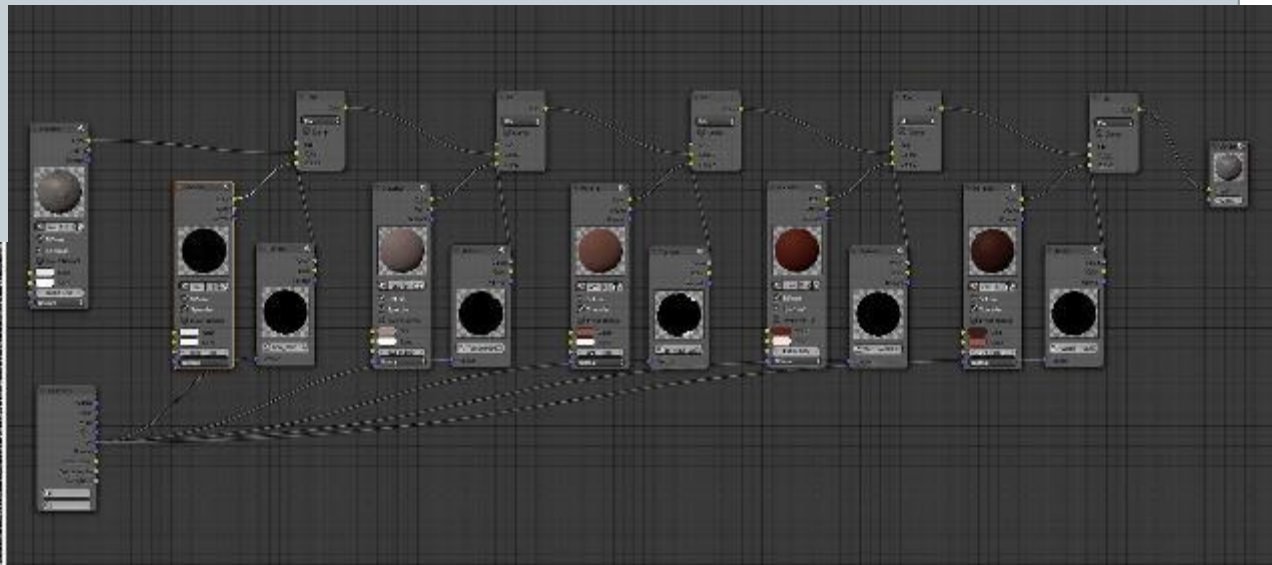
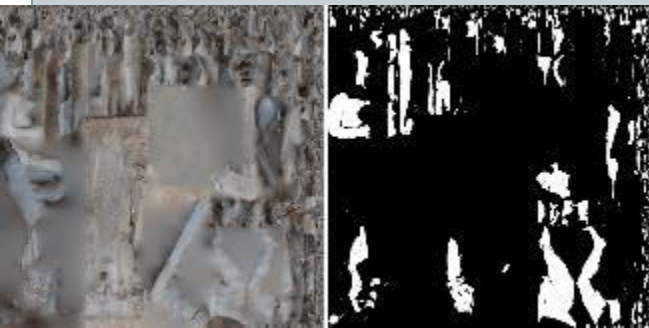


Ulpia Domina Sarcophagus



In Blender, we tried describing the layering of paints using a specific material for each paint, and a shader cascade (to simulate the superimposition of paints)...

it works, as a proof of concept, but we still need a measured physically-based shader for each paint





Layering

The different layers of paint, visualized one after another, for an area of the sarcophagus



Question Time



THANKS FOR YOUR ATTENTION...

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